House Bill 1060 (COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

By: Representatives Jasperse of the 11<sup>th</sup>, Meadows of the 5<sup>th</sup>, Powell of the 32<sup>nd</sup>, Ballinger of the 23<sup>rd</sup>, Hightower of the 68<sup>th</sup>, and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia 2 Annotated, relating to carrying and possession of firearms, so as to confirm that the right of 3 the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed; to provide for legislative findings; 4 to permit certain new residents to carry a weapon in this state for a limited time without a 5 weapons carry license; to provide for definitions; to clarify the meaning of private property 6 relative to the carrying of a weapon or long gun; to provide an exception for a license holder carrying in a place of worship; to revise provisions relating to carrying weapons within 7 8 school safety zones, at school functions, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a 9 school; to allow the judge of the probate court to provide for printed information on gun 10 safety; to provide for the maintenance of gun safety information on the website of the 11 Department of Natural Resources; to revise and clarify the determinations to be made and 12 the procedures to be followed by law enforcement agencies and the judge of the probate 13 court in the issuance of a weapons carry license; to provide for replacement weapons carry 14 licenses for persons who have a legal name change or address change; to clarify that certain active and retired law enforcement officers shall be authorized to carry a handgun on or off 15 16 duty anywhere within this state; to authorize certain retired law enforcement officers to carry 17 a handgun anywhere within this state; to clarify the meaning of commercial service airport relative to the carrying of a weapon or long gun; to amend Code Section 35-3-34 of the 18 Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to disclosure and dissemination of criminal 19 20 records to private persons and businesses, resulting responsibility and liability of issuing 21 center, and provision of certain information to the FBI in conjunction with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, so as to allow for the preservation of a person's 22 23 involuntary hospitalization information received by the Georgia Crime Information Center; to provide for exceptions; to provide for a judicial procedure for purging a person's 24 involuntary hospitalization information received by the Georgia Crime Information Center 25 and restoration of abilities to legally carry and possess a firearm; to amend Chapter 1 of Title 26 27 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general provisions regarding torts,

28 so as to provide for civil immunity of firearm instructors; to provide for related matters; to

repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 29

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

31 **SECTION 1.** 

- 32 Part 3 of Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated,
- relating to carrying and possession of firearms, is amended by adding a new Code section to 33
- 34 read as follows:

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- 35 "<u>16-11-125.2.</u>
- 36 (a) Pursuant to Article I, Section I, Paragraph VIII of the Constitution of this state, the
- 37 General Assembly finds that the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be
- 38 infringed.
- 39 (b) No law shall be enacted or enforced in violation of the finding provided for in
- 40 subsection (a) of this Code section."

41 **SECTION 2.** 

- 42 Said part is further amended by revising subsections (e) and (f) of Code Section 16-11-126,
- relating to having or carrying handguns, long guns, or other weapons, license requirement, 43
- 44 exceptions for homes, motor vehicles, private property, and other locations and conditions,
- as follows: 45
- 46 "(e)(1) Any person licensed to carry a handgun or weapon in any other state whose laws
- 47 recognize and give effect to a license issued pursuant to this part shall be authorized to
- 48 carry a weapon in this state, but only while the licensee is not a resident of this state;
- 49 provided, however, that such licensee shall carry the weapon in compliance with the laws
- 50 of this state.

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- 51 (2) Any person who is not a weapons carry license holder in this state and who is
- 52 licensed to carry a handgun or weapon in any other state whose laws recognize and give
- effect to a license issued pursuant to this part shall be authorized to carry a weapon in this 53
- 54 state for 90 days after he or she becomes a resident of this state; provided, however, that
- 55 such person shall carry the weapon in compliance with the laws of this state, shall as soon
- as practicable submit a weapons carry license application as provided for under Code Section 16-11-129, and shall remain licensed in such other state for the duration of time 57
- that he or she is a resident of this state but not a weapons carry license holder in this state. 58
- 59 (f)(1) Any person with a valid hunting or fishing license on his or her person, or any
- person not required by law to have a hunting or fishing license, who is engaged in legal 60
- 61 hunting, fishing, or sport shooting when the person has the permission of the owner of

the land on which the activities are being conducted may have or carry on his or her person a handgun weapon or long gun without a valid weapons carry license while hunting, fishing, or engaging in sport shooting.

(2) Any person with a valid hunting or fishing license on his or her person, or any person not required by law to have a hunting or fishing license, who is otherwise engaged in legal hunting, fishing, or sport shooting on recreational or wildlife management areas owned by this state may have or carry on his or her person a knife without a valid weapons carry license while engaging in such hunting, fishing, or sport shooting."

70 **SECTION 3.** 

- 71 Said part is further amended by adding two new paragraphs to subsection (a), by revising
- subsection (c), and by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Code Section 16-11-127,
- 73 relating to carrying weapons in unauthorized locations, as follows:
- 74 "(3.1) 'Leased government property' means real property that is owned by a government
- 75 entity but of which an individual or entity which is not a government entity is the lessee,
- 76 <u>licensee</u>, or renter."
- 77 "(5) 'Private property' means real property that is not owned or controlled by any
- 78 government entity; provided, however, that such term shall not mean leased government
- 79 <u>property."</u>

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- 80 "(c) A license holder or person recognized under subsection (e) of Code Section 16-11-126
- shall be authorized to carry a weapon as provided in Code Section 16-11-135 and in every
- location in this state not listed in subsection (b) or prohibited by subsection (e) of this Code
- 83 section; provided, however, that private property owners the owners or persons in legal
- 84 control of private property through a lease, rental agreement, licensing agreement, contract,
- or any other agreement to control access to such private property shall have the right to
- 86 exclude or eject a person who is in possession of a weapon or long gun on their such
- private property in accordance with paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code Section
- 88 16-7-21, except as provided in <u>subsection (e) of this Code section and</u> Code Section
- 89 16-11-135. A violation of subsection (b) of this Code section shall not create or give rise
- 90 to a civil action for damages."
- 91 "(2) Any license holder who violates subsection (b) of this Code section in a place of
- worship shall not be arrested but shall be fined not more than \$100.00; provided,
- however, that a license holder shall not be in violation of subsection (b) or (c) of this
- 94 <u>Code section if such license holder immediately leaves such place of worship while</u>
- 95 <u>carrying a weapon or long gun upon personal notification by such place of worship that</u>
- he or she is carrying a weapon or long gun in a place of worship which does not permit
- 97 <u>the carrying of a weapon or long gun</u>. Any person who is not a license holder who

violates subsection (b) of this Code section in a place of worship shall be punished as fora misdemeanor."

100	SECTION 4.
101	Said part is further amended by revising paragraph (5) of subsection (c) of Code Section
102	16-11-127.1, relating to carrying weapons within school safety zones, at school functions,
103	or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school, as follows:
104	"(5) The following persons, when acting in the performance of their official duties or
105	when en route to or from their official duties:
106	(A) A peace officer as defined by Code Section 35-8-2;
107	(B) A law enforcement officer of the United States government;
108	(C) A prosecuting attorney of this state or of the United States;
109	(D) An employee of the Department of Corrections or a correctional facility operated
110	by a political subdivision of this state or the United States who is authorized by the
111	head of such department or correctional agency or facility to carry a firearm;
112	(E) An employee of the Department of Community Supervision who is authorized by
113	the commissioner of community supervision to carry a firearm;
114	(F) A person employed as a campus police officer or school security officer who is
115	authorized to carry a weapon in accordance with Chapter 8 of Title 20; and
116	(G) Medical examiners, coroners, and their investigators who are employed by the state
117	or any political subdivision thereof;
118	provided, however, that this Code section shall not apply to any extent to persons who
119	are provided for under Code Section 16-11-130;"
120	SECTION 5.
121	Said part is further amended by adding a new subsection to, by revising paragraph (4) of
122	subsection (d) and paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of, and by adding a new paragraph to
123	subsection (e) of Code Section 16-11-129, relating to weapons carry permit, temporary
124	renewal permit, and terms, to read as follows:
125	"(a.1)(1) Upon receipt of an application for a weapons carry license or renewal license,
126	the judge of the makets count may may ide applicants minted information on any sofety.

renewal permit, and terms, to read as follows:
 "(a.1)(1) Upon receipt of an application for a weapons carry license or renewal license,
 the judge of the probate court may provide applicants printed information on gun safety
 that is produced by any person or organization that, in the discretion of the judge of the
 probate court, offers practical advice for gun safety. The source of such printed
 information shall be prominently displayed on such printed information.
 The Department of Natural Resources shall maintain on its principal, public website

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(2) The Department of Natural Resources shall maintain on its principal, public website information, or a hyperlink to information, which provides resources for information on hunter education and classes and courses in this state that render instruction in gun safety.

No person shall be required to take such classes or courses for purposes of this Code section where such information shall be provided solely for the convenience of the citizens of this state.

(3) Neither the judge of the probate court nor the Department of Natural Resources shall be liable to any person for personal injuries or damage to property arising from conformance to this Code section."

"(4) The law enforcement agency shall report to the judge of the probate court within  $\frac{30}{20}$ ten days, by telephone and in writing, of any findings relating to the applicant which may bear on his or her eligibility for a weapons carry license or renewal license under the terms of this Code section. When no derogatory information is found on the applicant bearing on his or her eligibility to obtain a license or renewal license, a report shall not be required. The law enforcement agency shall return the application directly to the judge of the probate court within such time period. Not later than ten days after the judge of the probate court receives the report from the law enforcement agency concerning the suitability of the applicant for a license, the judge of the probate court shall issue such applicant a license or renewal license to carry any weapon unless facts establishing ineligibility have been reported or unless the judge determines such applicant has not met all the qualifications, is not of good moral character, or has failed to comply with any of the requirements contained in this Code section. The judge of the probate court shall date stamp the report from the law enforcement agency to show the date on which the report was received by the judge of the probate court. The judge of the probate court shall not suspend the processing of the application or extend, delay, or avoid any time requirements provided for under this paragraph."

"(2) If a person is convicted of any crime or involved in any matter otherwise adjudicated in a matter which would make the maintenance of a weapons carry license by such person unlawful pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, the judge of the superior court or state court hearing such case or presiding over such matter shall inquire whether such person is the holder of a weapons carry license. If such person is the holder of a weapons carry license, then the judge of the superior court or state court shall inquire of such person the county of the probate court which issued such weapons carry license, or if such person has ever had his or her weapons carry license renewed, then of the county of the probate court which most recently issued such person a renewal license. The judge of the superior court or state court shall notify the judge of the probate court of such county of the matter which makes the maintenance of a weapons carry license by such person to be unlawful pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section. The Council of Superior Court Judges of Georgia and The Council of State Court Judges of Georgia shall

provide by rule for the procedures which judges of the superior court and the judges of the state courts, respectively, are to follow for the purposes of this paragraph." 170

"(4) Any person, upon petition to the judge of the probate court, who has a weapons carry license or renewal license with more than 90 days remaining before the expiration of such weapons carry license or renewal license and who has had a legal name change, including, but not limited to, on account of marriage or divorce, or an address change shall be issued a replacement weapons carry license for the same time period of the weapons carry license or renewal license being replaced. Upon issuance and receipt of such replacement weapons carry license, the license holder shall surrender the weapons carry license being replaced to the judge of the probate court and such judge shall take custody of and destroy the weapons carry license being replaced. The judge of the probate court shall provide for the updating of any records as necessary to account for the license holder's change of name or address. The judge of the probate court shall charge the fee specified in paragraph (13) of subsection (k) of Code Section 15-9-60 for services provided under this paragraph."

184 **SECTION 6.** 

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185 Said part is further amended in Code Section 16-11-130, relating to exemptions from Code

186 Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2, by revising the introductory language of subsection

187 (a), subsections (b) and (c), and by adding a new subsection to read as follows:

188 "(a) Except to the extent provided for in subsection (c.1) of this Code section, Code

Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2 shall not apply to or affect any of the following

persons if such persons are employed in the offices listed below or when authorized by

191 federal or state law, regulations, or order:"

- 192 "(b) Except to the extent provided for in subsection (c.1) of this Code section, Code
- 193 Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2 shall not apply to or affect persons who at the
- 194 time of their retirement from service with the Department of Community Supervision were
- community supervision officers, when specifically designated and authorized in writing by 195
- 196 the commissioner of community supervision.
- 197 (c) Except to the extent provided for in subsection (c.1) of this Code section, Code
- Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2 shall not apply to or affect any: 198
- 199 (1) Sheriff, retired sheriff, deputy sheriff, or retired deputy sheriff if such retired sheriff
- 200 or deputy sheriff is eligible to receive or is receiving benefits under the Peace Officers'
- 201 Annuity and Benefit Fund provided under Chapter 17 of Title 47, the Sheriffs' Retirement
- Fund of Georgia provided under Chapter 16 of Title 47, or any other public retirement 202
- 203 system established under the laws of this state for service as a law enforcement officer;

(2) Member of the Georgia State Patrol, or agent of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation.

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or retired member of the Georgia State Patrol, or retired agent of the Georgia Bureau of 205 206 Investigation if such retired member or agent is receiving benefits under the Employees' 207 Retirement System; (3) Full-time law enforcement chief executive engaging in the management of a county, 208 209 municipal, state, state authority, or federal law enforcement agency in the State of Georgia, including any college or university law enforcement chief executive that who 210 211 is registered or certified by the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council; 212 or retired law enforcement chief executive that who formerly managed a county, municipal, state, state authority, or federal law enforcement agency in the State of 213 214 Georgia, including any college or university law enforcement chief executive that who 215 was registered or certified at the time of his or her retirement by the Georgia Peace 216 Officer Standards and Training Council, if such retired law enforcement chief executive is receiving benefits under the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund provided under 217 218 Chapter 17 of Title 47 or is retired in good standing and receiving benefits from a county, municipal, State of Georgia, state authority, or federal retirement system; or 219 (4) Police officer of any county, municipal, state, state authority, or federal law 220 221 enforcement agency in the State of Georgia, including any college or university police 222 officer that who is registered or certified by the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and 223 Training Council, or retired police officer of any county, municipal, state, state authority, 224 or federal law enforcement agency in the State of Georgia, including any college or 225 university police officer that who was registered or certified at the time of his or her 226 retirement by the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, if such retired employee police officer is receiving benefits under the Peace Officers' Annuity and 227 228 Benefit Fund provided under Chapter 17 of Title 47 or is retired in good standing and receiving benefits from a county, municipal, State of Georgia, state authority, or federal 229 230 retirement system; or (5) Person who is a citizen of this state and: 231 232 (A) Has retired with at least ten years of aggregate service as a law enforcement officer with powers of arrest under the laws of any state of the United States or of the United 233 234 States: (B) Separated from service in good standing, as determined by criteria established by 235 the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, from employment with his 236 or her most recent law enforcement agency; and 237 (C) Possesses on his or her person an identification card for retired law enforcement 238 239 officers as issued by the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council; 240 provided, however, that such person meets the standards for the issuance of such card

241 as provided for by the council, including, but not limited to, maintenance of 242 qualification in firearms training. 243 In addition, any such sheriff, retired sheriff, deputy sheriff, retired deputy sheriff, member 244 of the Georgia State Patrol, retired member of the Georgia State Patrol, agent of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, retired agent of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, 245 246 active or retired law enforcement chief executive, person who is a retired law enforcement 247 officer as provided for in paragraph (5) of this subsection, or other law enforcement officer 248 referred to in this subsection shall be authorized to carry a handgun on or off duty 249 anywhere within the this state, including, but not limited to, in a courthouse except to the 250 extent provided for in subsection (c.1) of this Code section, and the provisions of Code Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2 shall not apply to the carrying of such firearms. 251 252 (c.1)(1) Pursuant to a comprehensive plan for the security of the county courthouse and 253 any courthouse annex as provided for in subsection (a) of Code Section 15-16-10, the 254 sheriff with jurisdiction over such county courthouse or courthouse annex may provide 255 for facilities or the means for the holding of weapons carried by persons enumerated 256 under this Code section; provided, however, that ingress to such courthouse or courthouse annex is actively restricted or screened by the sheriff or his or her deputy sheriffs, and 257 258 such facilities or means are beyond and inside of the area which is restricted or screened 259 by the sheriff or his or her deputy sheriffs. (2) If the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection are met, the persons 260 261 enumerated under this Code section shall, upon request of the sheriff, place their weapons 262 in such holding with the sheriff pursuant to the comprehensive plan while such persons are within the restricted or screened area. Upon request of any person enumerated under 263 264 this Code section, in preparation for his or her exit from the restricted or screened area, 265 the sheriff shall immediately return the person's weapons which are in holding. 266 (3) As used in this subsection, the term 'weapon' shall have the same meaning as 267 provided for in Code Section 16-11-125.1; provided, however, that such term shall 268 additionally mean any firearm."

269 **SECTION 7.** 

270 Said part is further amended by adding a new subsection to Code Section 16-11-130.2,

- 271 relating to carrying a weapon or long gun at a commercial service airport, to read as follows:
- 272 "(a.1) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 273 (1) 'Commercial service airport' means an airport that receives scheduled passenger
- 274 <u>aircraft service from any major airline carrier.</u>
- 275 (2) 'Major airline carrier' means an airline that has more than \$1 billion in annual
- 276 <u>operating revenue during a fiscal year."</u>

**SECTION 8.** 

Code Section 35-3-34 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to disclosure and dissemination of criminal records to private persons and businesses, resulting responsibility and liability of issuing center, and provision of certain information to the FBI in conjunction with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, is amended by revising paragraph (2) of subsection (e) as follows:

"(2)(A) The records of the Georgia Crime Information Center shall include information as to whether a person has been involuntarily hospitalized. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law and in order to carry out the provisions of this Code section and Code Section 16-11-172, the Georgia Crime Information Center shall be provided such information and no other mental health information from the involuntary hospitalization records of the probate courts concerning persons involuntarily hospitalized after March 22, 1995, in a manner agreed upon by the Probate Judges Training Council and the Georgia Bureau of Investigation to preserve the confidentiality of patients' rights in all other respects. Further, notwithstanding any other provisions of law and in order to carry out the provisions of this Code section and Code Section 16-11-172, the center shall be provided information as to whether a person has been adjudicated mentally incompetent to stand trial or not guilty by reason of insanity at the time of the crime, has been involuntarily hospitalized, or both from the records of the clerks of the superior courts concerning persons involuntarily hospitalized after March 22, 1995, in a manner agreed upon by The Council of Superior Court Clerks of Georgia and the Georgia Bureau of Investigation to preserve the confidentiality of patients' rights in all other respects.

(B)(i) After five years have elapsed from the date that a person's of a person's discharge from involuntary hospitalization information has been received by the Georgia Crime Information Center, the center shall purge its records of such information as soon as practicable and in any event purge such records within 30 days after the expiration of such five-year period, such person may petition the superior court in the county of his or her residence for relief from all legal disabilities preventing the possession or carrying of a firearm acquired as a result of such involuntary hospitalization; provided, however, that if such person is a nonresident, he or she shall petition the superior court in the county in which any proceedings for the involuntary hospitalization occurred.

(ii) The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition for relief as notice upon any facility that received or detained the petitioner, any physician that certified the petitioner's need for involuntary hospitalization, the probate court that issued the involuntary commitment order, and any person that filed an application for a court

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ordered evaluation of the petitioner as provided for under Article 3 of Chapter 7 of Title 37. The petitioner shall serve a copy of such petition for relief upon the district attorney of the circuit of the petitioner's residence. Proof of service shall be by affidavit filed with such petition for relief reciting that a copy of such petition for relief has been served as required by this division and reciting service by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery. In preparing his or her response to the petition, the district attorney may give notice of the received petition to any other party in the underlying case that resulted in the petitioner's involuntary hospitalization who the district attorney believes, based on evidence obtained by the district attorney, would have an interest in such petition; provided, however, that the district attorney shall serve upon the petitioner, by first class mail, notice of the names and addresses of such persons noticed by the district attorney. If any physician or person upon whom the petitioner is otherwise required to serve notice is deceased or not able to be located, or if such facility upon which the petitioner is otherwise required to serve notice has ceased operations, the petitioner shall instead recite such circumstances in his or her petition for relief and include any last known address or other contact information of such physician, person, or facility or former owner or operator of such facility. (iii) Within 60 days of the receipt of the petition for relief, the court shall hold a

- hearing on such petition for relief. The district attorney shall represent the interests of the state at such hearing.
- (iv) The petition for relief shall be accompanied by a waiver executed by the petitioner authorizing any mental hospital or treatment center, and their employees and agents, to respond to inquiries of the district attorney regarding the petitioner's treatment and any recommendations regarding whether the petitioner is a threat to the safety of himself or herself or public safety. Information received by the district attorney pursuant to this subparagraph shall not be used against the petitioner in any other case or context unless such information is useable in such other case or context by other rules of evidence or discovery.
- (C) At the hearing provided for under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the court shall receive and consider evidence in a proceeding concerning:
- (i) The circumstances which caused the person to be subject to hospitalization or adjudication;
- 347 (ii) The person's mental health and any criminal history records;
- (iii) The person's reputation, which shall be established through character witness 348 349 statements, testimony, or other character evidence; and
  - (iv) Changes in the person's condition or circumstances since such hospitalization.

351	(D) Except as provided for under this paragraph, the hearing of the petition for relief
352	shall follow the rules and regulations relating to pleading, practice, and procedure
353	regarding civil petitions made to the superior court.
354	(E) The judge shall issue an order of his or her decision on the petition for relief
355	provided for under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph no later than 30 days after the
356	hearing.
357	(F) The court shall grant the petition for relief if such court finds by a preponderance
358	of the evidence that the person will not likely act in a manner dangerous to himself or
359	herself or public safety and that granting the relief will not be contrary to the public
360	interest. A record shall be kept of the hearing; provided, however, that such record
361	shall remain confidential and be disclosed only to a court, the petitioning party, and the
362	district attorney for the state, or their successors, who appeared in the underlying case
363	in the event of an appeal. Any appeal of the court's ruling on the petition for relief shall
364	be de novo review.
365	(G) If the court grants the person's petition for relief, the clerk of the superior court
366	shall report such order to the Georgia Crime Information Center immediately, but in no
367	case later than ten business days after the date of such order, and the center shall purge
368	such record that is the subject of the order as soon as practicable but not later than 30
369	days after receipt of such order, and all legal disabilities preventing the petitioner from
370	possessing or carrying a firearm acquired as a result of such involuntary hospitalization
371	shall be extinguished.
372	(H) A person may petition for relief under this paragraph not more than once every two
373	<u>years."</u>

**SECTION 9.** 

Chapter 1 of Title 51 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to general provisions regarding torts, is amended by adding a new Code section to read as follows:

- 377 "<u>51-1-55.</u>
- 378 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 379 (1) 'Dangerous weapon' shall have the same meaning as provided for under Code Section
- 380 <u>16-11-121.</u>
- 381 (2) 'Firearm' means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other weapon which will or can be
- 382 converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or electrical charge and
- 383 which is not a dangerous weapon.
- 384 (b) Any instructor who lawfully instructs, educates, or trains a person in the safe, proper,
- or technical use of a firearm shall be immune from civil liability for any injuries caused by
- the failure of such person to use such firearm properly or lawfully."

387 **SECTION 10.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed. 388